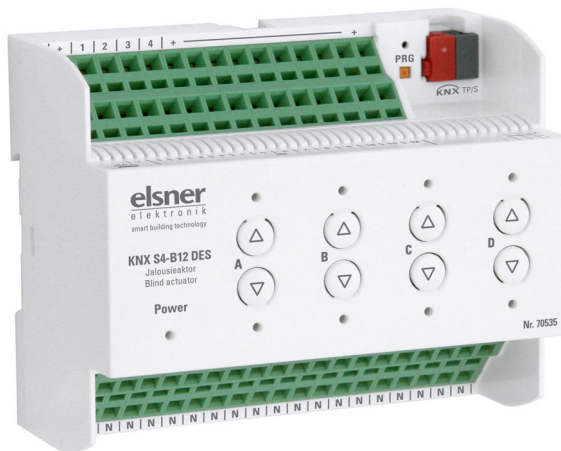




KNX S4-B12 DES

Actuator for 4 drives with 3 Limit Switches

Item number 70535



elsner

Installation and Adjustment

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This manual is amended periodically and will be brought into line with new software releases. The change status (software version and date) can be found in the contents footer. If you have a device with a later software version, please check **www.elsner-elektronik.de** in the menu area "Service" to find out whether a more up-to-date version of the manual is available.

Clarification of signs used in this manual



Safety advice.



Safety advice for working on electrical connections, components, etc.

DANGER!

... indicates an immediately hazardous situation which will lead to death or severe injuries if it is not avoided.

WARNING!

... indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may lead to death or severe injuries if it is not avoided.

CAUTION!

... indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may lead to trivial or minor injuries if it is not avoided.



ATTENTION! ... indicates a situation which may lead to damage to property if it is not avoided.

ETS

In the ETS tables, the parameter default settings are marked by underlining.

1. Safety and usage instructions



Installation, testing, operational start-up and troubleshooting should only be performed by an authorised electrician.



DANGER!

Risk to life from live voltage (mains voltage)!

There are unprotected live components inside the device.

- Inspect the device for damage before installation. Only put undamaged devices into operation.
 - Comply with the locally applicable directives, regulations and provisions for electrical installation.
 - Immediately take the device or system out of service and secure it against unintentional switch-on if risk-free operation is no longer guaranteed.
-

Use the device exclusively for building automation and observe the operating instructions. Improper use, modifications to the device or failure to observe the operating instructions will invalidate any warranty or guarantee claims.

Operate the device only as a fixed-site installation, i.e. only in assembled condition and after conclusion of all installation and operational start-up tasks, and only in the surroundings designated for it.

Elsner Elektronik is not liable for any changes in norms and standards which may occur after publication of these operating instructions.

1.1. Safety notice for automatic functions



WARNING!

Risk of injury from automatically moving components!

Parts of the system can be started by the automatic controls and be a danger to persons.

- No persons may remain in the travelling range of parts driven by an electric motor.
 - Adhere to the relevant building regulations.
 - Ensure that the return path/access to the building is not blocked if spending time outside the building (danger of being locked out).
 - Correctly decommission the system for maintenance and cleaning work.
-

If there is a power outage, the system does not work. Therefore, shadings should be moved to a save position if there are anticipated weather conditions, for example, if this has not already been done by the automatic function (product protection).

If the power supply is removed, the connected drive switches off. When the power is restored, the consumer remains switched off until a new movement command is received by the actuator.

For information on installation, maintenance, disposal, scope of delivery and technical data, please refer to the installation instructions.

2. Description

The **KNX S4-B12 DES actuator** is an electronic control device for controlling up to 4 motors with 3 limit switches. A 230 V AC power supply is needed for the actuator and motors.

Functions:

- **4 motor outputs** each for one **motor with 3 limit switches** (shutters with working position)
- Switch panel with **4 switch pairs** and status LEDs
- **12 binary input** for use as manual or bus button
- **Position feedback** of the movement position
- **Position storage** (movement position) via 1-bit object (storage and call-up, e.g. by button)
- Controls through **internal or external automatic operation**
- Integrated **shading control** for each motor output
- **Scene control** for movement position with 16 scenes per motor
- Blocking objects and alarm messages have different **priorities** so that safety functions always have priority (e.g. wind blocking)
- **Manual or automatic control configuration** per time or communication object

3. Commissioning

Configuration is made using the KNX software as of ETS 5. The **product file** can be downloaded from the ETS online catalogue and the Elsner Elektronik website on www.elsner-elektronik.de in the "Service" menu.

After the bus voltage has been applied, the device will enter an initialisation phase lasting approx. 5 seconds. During this phase no information can be received or sent via the bus.

3.1. Addressing of the device at the bus

The equipment is delivered with the individual address 15.15.255. This can be changed via the ETS. There is a button and a control LED on the unit for this purpose.

3.2. LEDs

3.2.1. Display of operating status by the power LED

behaviour	Colour	
On	Green	Normal mode Bus connection/bus voltage present.
Flashes	Green	Normal mode <i>No</i> bus connection/bus voltage present.
On	Orange	Device starts or is programmed via the ETS. No automatic functions are being performed.
Flashes	Green (on), Orange (flashing)	Programming mode active.

3.2.2. Status display with the channel LEDs

behaviour	LED	
On	top	Motor in top position.
On	bottom	Motor in bottom position.
Flashes slowly	top	Motor moving up.
Flashes slowly	bottom	Motor moving down.
Flashes quickly	top	Motor in top position, blocking active.
Flashes quickly	bottom	Motor in bottom position (DOWN2), block active.
Flashes quickly	both simultaneously	Drive in intermediate position, block active.
Off	both	Drive in intermediate position.
"Running light" across all LEDs	all channels	Wrong application version was loaded. Use the version compatible with the device!

3.3. Monitor safety functions

For KNX devices with safety functions (e.g. wind or rain block), a cyclical monitoring of the safety objects must be established. The ideal ratio is 1:3 (example: if the weather station sends a value every 5 minutes, the actuator must be configured for a monitoring period of 15 minutes).

4. Transfer protocol

4.1. List of all communication objects

Abbreviations:

R Read

W Write

C Communication

T Transmit

DPT Data Point Type

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
1	Software version	Readable	R-C-	[217.1] DPT_Version	2 Bytes
50	Input 1 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
51	Input 1 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
52	Input 1 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
53	Input 1 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
54	Input 1 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
55	Input 1 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
56	Input 1 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
57	Input 1 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
58	Input 1 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
60	Input 2 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
61	Input 2 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
62	Input 2 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
63	Input 2 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
64	Input 2 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
65	Input 2 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
66	Input 2 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
67	Input 2 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
68	Input 2 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
70	Input 3 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
71	Input 3 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
72	Input 3 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
73	Input 3 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
74	Input 3 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
75	Input 3 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
76	Input 3 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
77	Input 3 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
78	Input 3 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
80	Input 4 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
81	Input 4 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
82	Input 4 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
83	Input 4 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
84	Input 4 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
85	Input 4 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
86	Input 4 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
87	Input 4 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
88	Input 4 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
100	Channel A - Automatic or manual status	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
101	Channel A - Manual long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
102	Channel A - Manual long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
103	Channel A - Manual short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
104	Channel A - Manual movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
105	Channel A - Manual blind position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
106	Channel A - Manually move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
107	Channel A - Manually move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
108	Channel A - Automatic long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
109	Channel A - Automatic long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
110	Channel A - Automatic short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
111	Channel A - Automatic movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
112	Channel A - Automatic blind position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
113	Channel A - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
114	Channel A - Automatically move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
115	Channel A - Automatically move to position memory	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
116	Channel A - Learn object position memory automatically	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
117	Channel A - Switch from manual to automatic	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
118	Channel A - Automatic blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
119	Channel A - Current movement position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
120	Channel A - Current blind position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
121	Channel A - Status object	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
122	Channel A - Call up / saving scenes	Input	RWC-	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
123	Channel A - Outdoor temperature blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
124	Channel A - Outdoor temperature block measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
125	Channel A - Outdoor temperature blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
126	Channel A - Twilight object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
127	Channel A - Twilight measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
128	Channel A - Twilight status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
129	Channel A - Time control	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
130	Channel A - Inside temperature release object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
131	Channel A - Inside temperature release measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
132	Channel A - Inside temperature release setpoint	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
133	Channel A - Inside temperature release status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
134	Channel A - Shading object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
135	Channel A - Shading brightness measurement 1	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
136	Channel A - Shading brightness measurement 2	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
137	Channel A - Shading brightness measurement 3	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
138	Channel A - Shading threshold value	Input / Output	RWCT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
139	Channel A - Shading threshold value 1 = + 0 = -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
140	Channel A - Shading threshold value +	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
141	Channel A - Shading threshold value -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
142	Channel A - Shading status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
143	Channel A - Shading position learning object	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
144	Channel A - Azimuth	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
145	Channel A - Elevation	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
161	Channel A - Zero position reached	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
162	Channel A - Zero position sensor disrupted	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
163	Channel A - Master zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
164	Channel A - Master zero position command	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
165	Channel A - Slave zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
166	Channel A - Master zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
167	Channel A - Master zero position command	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
168	Channel A - Slave zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
171	Channel A - Blocking 1 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
172	Channel A - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
173	Channel A - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
174	Channel A - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
175	Channel A - Blocking 1 - Rain blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
176	Channel A - Blocking 2 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
177	Channel A - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
178	Channel A - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
179	Channel A - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
180	Channel A - Blocking 2 - Rain blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
181	Channel A - Blocking 3 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
182	Channel A - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
183	Channel A - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
184	Channel A - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
185	Channel A - Blocking 3 - Rain blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
186	Channel A - Blocking 4 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
187	Channel A - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
188	Channel A - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
189	Channel A - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
190	Channel A - Blocking 4 - Rain blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
191	Channel A - Blocking 5 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
192	Channel A - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
193	Channel A - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
194	Channel A - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
195	Channel A - Blocking 5 - Rain blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
196	Channel A - Short time restriction	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
249	Channel A - Local control temperature blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
250	Input 5 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
251	Input 5 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
252	Input 5 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
253	Input 5 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
254	Input 5 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
255	Input 5 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
256	Input 5 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
257	Input 5 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
258	Input 5 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
260	Input 6 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
261	Input 6 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
262	Input 6 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
263	Input 6 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
264	Input 6 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
265	Input 6 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
266	Input 6 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
267	Input 6 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
268	Input 6 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
300	Channel B - Status automatic or manual	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
301	Channel B - Manual long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
302	Channel B - Manual long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
303	Channel B - Manual short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
304	Channel B - Manual movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
305	Channel B - Manual blind time	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
306	Channel B - Manually move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
307	Channel B - Manually move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
308	Channel B - Automatic long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
309	Channel B - Automatic long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
310	Channel B - Automatic short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
311	Channel B - Automatic movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
312	Channel B - Automatic blind position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
313	Channel B - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
314	Channel B - Automatically move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
315	Channel B - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
316	Channel B - Learn object position memory automatically	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
317	Channel B - Switch from manual to automatic	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
318	Channel B - Automatic blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
319	Channel V - Current movement position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
320	Channel B - Current blind position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
321	Channel B - Status object	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
322	Channel B - Call up / saving scenes	Input	RWC-	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
323	Channel B - Outdoor temperature blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
324	Channel A - Outdoor temperature block measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
325	Channel B - Outdoor temperature block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
326	Channel B - Twilight object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
327	Channel B - Twilight measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
328	Channel B - Twilight status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
329	Channel B - Time control	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
330	Channel B - Inside temperature release object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
331	Channel B - Inside temperature release measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
332	Channel B - Inside temperature release setpoint	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
333	Channel B - Inside temperature release status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
334	Channel B - Shading object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
335	Channel B - Shading brightness measurement 1	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
336	Channel B - Shading brightness measurement 2	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
337	Channel B - Shading brightness measurement 3	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
338	Channel B - Shading threshold value	Input / Output	RWCT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
339	Channel B - Shading threshold value 1 = + 0 = -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
340	Channel B - Shading threshold value +	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
341	Channel B - Shading threshold value -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
342	Channel B - Shading status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
343	Channel B - Shading position learning object	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
344	Channel B - Azimut	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
345	Channel B - Elevation	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
361	Channel B - Zero position reached	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
362	Channel B - Zero position sensor disrupted	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
363	Channel B - Master zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
364	Channel B - Master zero position command	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
365	Channel B - Slave zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
366	Channel B - Master zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
367	Channel B - Master zero position command	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
368	Channel B - Slave zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
371	Channel B - Blocking 1 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
372	Channel B - Blocking 1 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
373	Channel B - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
374	Channel B - Blocking 1 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
375	Channel B - Blocking 1 - rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
376	Channel B - Blocking 2 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
377	Channel B - Blocking 2 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
378	Channel B - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
379	Channel B - Blocking 2 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
380	Channel B - Blocking 2 - rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
381	Channel B - Blocking 3 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
382	Channel B - Blocking 3 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
383	Channel B - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
384	Channel B - Blocking 3 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
385	Channel B - Blocking 3 - rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
386	Channel B - Blocking 4 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
387	Channel B - Blocking 4 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
388	Channel B - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
389	Channel B - Blocking 4 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
390	Channel B - Blocking 4 - rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
391	Channel B - Blocking 5 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
392	Channel B - Blocking 5 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
393	Channel B - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
394	Channel B - Blocking 5 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
395	Channel B - Blocking 5 - rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
396	Channel B - Short time limit	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
449	Channel B - Local control blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
450	Input 7 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
451	Input 7 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
452	Input 7 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
453	Input 7 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
454	Input 7 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
455	Input 7 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
456	Input 7 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
457	Input 7 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
458	Input 7 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
460	Input 8 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
461	Input 8 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
462	Input 8 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
463	Input 8 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
464	Input 8 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
465	Input 8 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
466	Input 8 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
467	Input 8 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
468	Input 8 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
500	Channel C - Status automatic or manual	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
501	Channel C - Manual long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
502	Channel C - Manual long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
503	Channel C - Manual short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
504	Channel C - Manual movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
505	Channel C - Manual blind time	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
506	Channel C - Manually move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
507	Channel C - Manually move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
508	Channel C - Automatic long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
509	Channel C - Automatic long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
510	Channel C - Automatic short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
511	Channel C - Automatic movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
512	Channel C - Automatic blind position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
513	Channel C - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
514	Channel C - Automatically move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
515	Channel C - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
516	Channel C - Learn object position memory automatically	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
517	Channel C - Switch from manual to automatic	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
518	Channel C - Automatic blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
519	Channel C - Current movement position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
520	Channel C - Current blind position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
521	Channel C - Status object	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
522	Channel C - Call up / saving scenes	Input	RWC-	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
523	Channel C - Outdoor temperature blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
524	Channel C - Outdoor temperature block measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
525	Channel C - Outdoor temperature block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
526	Channel C - Twilight object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
527	Channel C - Twilight measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
528	Channel C - Twilight status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
529	Channel C - Time control	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
530	Channel C - Inside temperature release object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
531	Channel C - Inside temperature release measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
532	Channel C - Inside temperature release setpoint	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
533	Channel C - Inside temp release status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
534	Channel C - Shading object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
535	Channel C - Shading brightness measurement 1	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
536	Channel C - Shading brightness measurement 2	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
537	Channel C - Shading brightness measurement 3	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
538	Channel C - Shading threshold value	Input / Output	RWCT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
539	Channel C - Shading threshold value 1 = + 0 = -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
540	Channel C - Shading threshold value	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
541	Channel C - Shading threshold value -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
542	Channel C - Shading status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
543	Channel C - Shading position learning object	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
544	Channel C - Azimuth	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
545	Channel C - Elevation	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
561	Channel C - Zero position reached	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
562	Channel C - Zero position sensor disrupted	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
563	Channel C - Master zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
564	Channel C - Master zero position command	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
565	Channel C - Slave zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
566	Channel C - Master zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
567	Channel C - Master zero position command	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
568	Channel C - Slave zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
571	Channel C - Blocking 1 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
572	Channel C - Blocking 1 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
573	Channel C - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
574	Channel C - Blocking 1 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
575	Channel C - Blocking 1 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
576	Channel C - Blocking 2 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
577	Channel C - Blocking 2 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
578	Channel C - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
579	Channel C - Blocking 2 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
580	Channel C - Blocking 2 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
581	Channel C - Blocking 3 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
582	Channel C - Blocking 3 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
583	Channel C - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
584	Channel C - Blocking 3 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
585	Channel C - Blocking 3 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
586	Channel C - Blocking 4 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
587	Channel C - Blocking 4 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
588	Channel C - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
589	Channel C - Blocking 4 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
590	Channel C - Blocking 4 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
591	Channel C - Blocking 5 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
592	Channel C - Blocking 5 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
593	Channel C - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
594	Channel C - Blocking 5 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
595	Channel C - Blocking 5 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
596	Channel C - Short time limit	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
649	Channel C - Local control blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
650	Input 9 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
651	Input 9 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
652	Input 9 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
653	Input 9 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
654	Input 9 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
655	Input 9 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
656	Input 9 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
657	Input 9 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
658	Input 9 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
660	Input 10 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
661	Input 10 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
662	Input 10 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
663	Input 10 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
664	Input 10 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
665	Input 10 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
666	Input 10 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
667	Input 10 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
668	Input 10 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
700	Channel D - Status automatic or manual	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
701	Channel D - Manual long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
702	Channel D - Manual long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
703	Channel D - Manual short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
704	Channel D - Manual movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
705	Channel D - Manual blind time	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
706	Channel D - Manually move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
707	Channel D - Manually move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
708	Channel D - Automatic long-term extended position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
709	Channel D - Automatic long-term closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
710	Channel D - Automatic short time	Input	RWC-	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
711	Channel D - Automatic movement position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
712	Channel D - Automatic blind position	Input	RWC-	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
713	Channel D - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
714	Channel D - Automatically move to closed position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
715	Channel D - Automatically move to shading position	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
716	Channel D - Learn object position memory automatically	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
717	Channel D - Switch from manual to automatic	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
718	Channel D - Automatic blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
719	Channel D - Current movement position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
720	Channel D - Current blind position	Output	R-CT	[5.1] DPT_Scaling	1 Byte
721	Channel D - Status object	Output	R-CT	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
722	Channel D - Call up / saving scenes	Input	RWC-	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
723	Channel D - Outdoor temperature blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
724	Channel D - Outdoor temperature block measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
725	Channel D - Outdoor temperature block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
726	Channel D - Twilight object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
727	Channel D - Twilight measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
728	Channel D - twilight status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
729	Channel D - Time control	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
730	Channel D - Inside temp release object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
731	Channel D - Inside temp release measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
732	Channel D - Inside temp release setpoint	Input	RWC-	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
733	Channel D - Inside temp release status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
734	Channel D - Shading object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
735	Channel D - Shading brightness measurement 1	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
736	Channel D - Shading brightness measurement 2	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
737	Channel D - Shading brightness measurement 3	Input	RWC-	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
738	Channel D - Shading threshold value	Input / Output	RWCT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
739	Channel D - Shading threshold value 1 = + 0 = -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
740	Channel D - Shading threshold value +	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
741	Channel D - Shading threshold value -	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
742	Channel D - Shading status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
743	Channel D - Shading position learning object	Input	RWC-	[1] 1.xxx	1 Bit
744	Channel D - Azimut	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
745	Channel D - Elevation	Input	RWC-	[9] 9.xxx	2 Bytes
761	Channel D - Zero position reached	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
762	Channel D - Zero position sensor disrupted	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
763	Channel D - Master zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
764	Channel D - Master zero position command	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
765	Channel D - Slave zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
766	Channel D - Master zero position status	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
767	Channel D - Master zero position command	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
768	Channel D - Slave zero position status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
771	Channel D - Blocking 1 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
772	Channel D - Blocking 1 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
773	Channel D - Blocking 1 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
774	Channel D - Blocking 1 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
775	Channel D - Blocking 1 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
776	Channel D - Blocking 2 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
777	Channel D - Blocking 2 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
778	Channel D - Blocking 2 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
779	Channel D - Blocking 2 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
780	Channel D - Blocking 2 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
781	Channel D - Blocking 3 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
782	Channel D - Blocking 3 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
783	Channel D - Blocking 3 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
784	Channel D - Blocking 3 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
785	Channel D - Blocking 3 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
786	Channel D - Blocking 4 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
787	Channel D - Blocking 4 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
788	Channel D - Blocking 4 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
789	Channel D - Blocking 4 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
790	Channel D - Blocking 4 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
791	Channel D - Blocking 5 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
792	Channel D - Blocking 5 - Wind block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
793	Channel D - Blocking 5 - Wind blocking measurement	Input	RWC-	[9.5] DPT_Value_Wsp	2 Bytes
794	Channel D - Blocking 5 - Wind block status	Output	R-CT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
795	Channel D - Blocking 5 - Rain block object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
796	Channel D - Short-time restriction	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
849	Channel D - Local control blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
850	Input 11 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
851	Input 11 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
852	Input 11 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
853	Input 11 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
854	Input 11 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
855	Input 11 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes

No.	Text	Function	Flags	DPT type	Size
856	Input 11 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
857	Input 11 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
858	Input 11 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
860	Input 12 - Extended	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
861	Input 12 - Short	Output	R-CT	[1.8] DPT_UpDown	1 Bit
862	Input 12 - Switch	Input / Output	RWCT	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit
863	Input 12 - Relative dimming	Input / Output	RWCT	[3.7] DPT_Control_Dimming	4 Bit
864	Input 12 - Encoder 8 Bit	Output	R-CT	[5] 5.xxx	1 Byte
865	Input 12 - Temperature encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.1] DPT_Value_Temp	2 Bytes
866	Input 12 - Brightness encoder	Output	R-CT	[9.4] DPT_Value_Lux	2 Bytes
867	Input 12 - Scene	Output	R-CT	[18.1] DPT_SceneControl	1 Byte
868	Input 12 - Blocking object	Input	RWC-	[1.1] DPT_Switch	1 Bit

5. Parameter setting

The default settings of the parameter are labelled by an underscore.

5.1. General settings

First set the general parameters for the bus communication (telegram rate, transmission delay). Additionally, you can indicate if for the programming of scenes all, or only the changed settings are applied to the bus.

Maximum telegram rate	1 • 2 • <u>5</u> • 10 • 20 telegrams per second
Send delay of threshold values after voltage returns	<u>5</u> s ... 2 h
Send delay of switching and status outputs after voltage returns	<u>5</u> s ... 2 h
For the use of scenes:	
Application when programming	<u>all parameters</u> • only changed parameters

5.1.1. Local operation

The Up/Down buttons on the device are firmly assigned to the channels A-D. For blocking manual operation, blocking objects can be set for the button pairs (communication objects "Channel X local operation blocking object").

Local button Channel A Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
Local button Channel B Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
Local button Channel C Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
Local button Channel D Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes

Note: If monitoring periods or movement range limits are used, operation via the local buttons is not possible in case of a bus voltage supply failure.

5.2. Inputs

Set the parameters for inputs 1, 2, 3 and 4. The additional inputs are designated by default for operating the devices on the outputs (channels A-D), and are therefore parameterized directly in the settings of the output channels (see *Button inputs*, page 44) or (see *General part*, page 46).

Configuration options for inputs:

- Input 1 • Bus button
- Input 2 • Bus button

- Input 3
 - Bus button
- Input 4
 - Bus button
- Input 5
 - Actuator button for output channel A
 - Bus button
 - For drives also zero position sensor
- Input 6
 - Actuator button for output channel A
 - Bus button
- Input 7
 - Actuator button for output channel B
 - Bus button
 - For drives also zero position sensor
- Input 8
 - Actuator button for output channel B
 - Bus button
- Input 9
 - Actuator button for output channel C
 - Bus button
 - For drives also zero position sensor
- Input 10
 - Actuator button for output channel C
 - Bus button
- Input 11
 - Actuator button for output channel D
 - Bus button
 - For drives also zero position sensor
- Input 12
 - Actuator button for output channel D
 - Bus button

Operating mode	
Use input 1	<u>No</u> • as bus button
Use input 2	<u>No</u> • as bus button
Use input 3	<u>No</u> • as bus button
Use input 4	<u>No</u> • as bus button
Use input 5 and 6	See parameterization channel A – button inputs
Use input 7 and 8	See parameterization channel B – button inputs
Use input 9 and 10	See parameterization channel C – button inputs
Use input 11 and 12	See parameterization channel D – button inputs

Input as bus button

If an input is used as a free bus button, it will send a previously set value to the bus when activated. In the program file of the actuator different parameters are integrated for frequently needed bus functions. Thus, the inputs can easily be configured as a switch, drive control, dimmer for sending values and for the scene calls.

Bus function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Switch</u> • Selector switch • Shutter • Blind • Awning • Window • Dimmer • 8 bit encoder • Temperature encoder • Brightness encoder • Scenes
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Input as switch:

If a button with switch function is assigned to the input, select the bus function "Switch" and specify which value is sent when pressing/releasing the button and when it will be sent.

Function	Switch
Command when pressing the button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • send 0 • send 1 • <u>do not send telegram</u>
Command when releasing the button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • send 0 • send 1 • <u>do not send telegram</u>
Send value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no change</u> • for change to 1 • for change to 0 • for change and cyclical • for change to 1 and cyclical • for change to 0 and cyclical
Cycle (if sent cyclical)	<u>5 s</u> • 10 s • 30 s • 1 min • 2 min • 5 min • 10 min • 20 min • 30 min • 1 h • 2 h

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. Set what is transmitted to the bus when (de)activating blocking.

For active blocking there is *no* cyclical transmission.

Use blocking object	No • Yes
Once when activating the blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • send 0 • <u>send 1</u> • do not send telegram
Once when deactivating the blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>send 0</u> • send 1 • do not send telegram • send current state

Input as changeover switch:

If a button with switch function is assigned to the input, select the bus function "Changeover Switch" and specify if the button should switch when pressed/released.

Function	Changeover Switch
Command when pressing the button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Switching</u> • do not send telegram
Command when releasing the button	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switching • <u>do not send telegram</u>

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input to shutter, blinds, awning or window control:

If the input to the drive control is used via the bus, select the bus function "shutter", "awning", "blinds" or "window" and specify the button function and control mode.

Function	Shutter / blinds / awning / window	
Button function	<u>Up</u> • Down <u>Up</u> • Down • Up/ Down <u>Retract</u> • Extend • Retract/Extend <u>Open</u> • Closed • Open/Closed	(shutter) (blinds) (awning) (window)
Control mode*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Standard</u> • Standard inverted • Comfort mode • Dead man's switch 	

*A detailed description of the setting options for the individual control modi can be found in the general part of chapter *Control modi for drive control*, page 46.

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input as dimmer:

If the input is used as a dimmer, select the bus function "Dimmer" and specify the button function, time interval (switching/dimming) and if requested, the repeat interval for a long button press.

Function	Dimmer
Button function	<u>brighter</u> • darker • brighter/darker
Time between switching and dimming (in 0.1 s)	1...50; <u>5</u>

Repeat the dimm command	<u>no</u> • yes
Repeat the dimm command for a long button press (if dimm command is repeated)	every 0.1 s • every 2 sec; <u>every 0,5 sec</u>
Dim by (if dimm command is repeated)	1,50% • 3% • <u>6 %</u> • 12,50% • 25% • 50%

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input 8 bit encoder:

If the input is to be used as an 8bit encoder, select the "8 bit encoder" bus function and specify which value will be sent.

Function	8 bit encoder
Value	<u>0</u> ...255

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input as temperature encoder:

If the input is used as a temperature encoder, then choose the bus function "Temperature encoder" and specify which value between -30°C and +80°C will be sent.

By sending a temperature value, the target value of the temperature control may be changed for example.

Function	Temperature encoder
Temperature in 0.1°C	-300...800; <u>200</u>

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input as brightness encoder:

If the input is assigned and shall be used as a brightness encoder (e.g. threshold value of a sun sensor), select "brightness encoder" and specify which value will be sent.

Function	Brightness encoder
Brightness in klux	0...100; <u>20</u>

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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Input for scene control:

If scenes are called and saved with the input, then choose the "Scenes" bus function and specify the saving, time difference (call/save) and scene number.

Function	Scenes
Button operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>without saving</u> • <u>with saving</u>
Time between calling and saving in 0.1 seconds (only if selected "with saving")	1...50; <u>10</u>
Scene No.	<u>0</u> ...127

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. For active blocking there is *no bus communication*.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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5.3. Outputs

- General specifications for the connected drive
(see *Channel settings*, page 31)
- Control functions: Movement range limit, blocking, type of automatic
(see *Control*, page 32)
- Automatic functions: Automatic can be specified externally or internally
(see *Automatic - internal for shading*, page 39)
- Scenes: Movement positions (see *Button inputs*, page 44)
- Button inputs: Configuration as actuator button, bust button or for zero position sensor (see *Button inputs*, page 44)

5.3.1. Channel settings

Set the general specifications for the drive.

Runtime:

The runtime between the end positions is the basis for moving into intermediate positions (e.g. for movement range limits and scenes). You can enter the runtime numerically here (in seconds).

Runtime UP in sec	1 ... 320; <u>65</u>
Runtime DOWN in sec	1 ... 320; <u>60</u>

Step setting of slats:

Step time x step number determines the turning time of the slats.

Step time in 10 ms	1 ... 100; <u>20</u>
Step number slats	1 ... 255; <u>5</u>

If the short time command for shutters (step command) is used only for slat adjustment, but not for positioning the curtain, the following parameter is set to "Yes".

Allow step commands only for slat adjustment	<u>no</u> • yes
--	-----------------

Break time:

The required break times during a change of direction of the drive should be adjusted according to the specifications of the motor manufacturer.

Break time for a change of direction in 0.1 sec	5 ... 100; <u>10</u>
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Reference movement:

With the regular movement to the two end positions, the runtime and zero position are adjusted again. This is especially important for the automatic runtime determination. Therefore, it can be set here after how many movements before a positioning movement a reference movement will be performed. The reference movement is always in the direction of the secure position (retracting when shading, closing windows).

Perform a reference movement	<u>no</u> • yes
------------------------------	-----------------

Perform a reference movement	yes
for more than movements before an auto positioning movement	1 ... 255; <u>10</u>

Status object and drive position:

The status and current position can be sent to the bus. By sending of 1, the status object indicates that the retracted or closed position has been exited and it is suitable for example for monitoring windows.

The exact drive position can be sent on the bus if required. The variable delay ensures that the bus is not blocked by too many data packets during a longer movement. The position can also be transmitted cyclically.

Use status object	<u>no</u> • yes
Use drive position feedback	<u>no</u> • yes
Position transmit delay after change in 0.1 s (only for feedback)	0...50; <u>10</u>
Transmit drive position cyclically (only for feedback)	<u>no</u> • 5 s • 10 s • ... • 2 h

Scenes:

Here the scene menu is activated for this output channel.

Use scenes	<u>no</u> • yes
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See *Scenes*; page 32.

5.3.1.1. Control

Set the behaviour of the drive here.

Movement range limit:

The operating range limit is used in order to avoid that two units collide with each other (e.g. an awning and a window which is about to open).

One of two drive mechanisms is prioritised and is parameterised as master and the other one as slave. By means of zero position sensors, both actuators know the own current status and the current status of the other one. This one is either “in a safe position” or “not in a safe position”. The safe position is reached as soon as the drive mechanism is in a sector where a collision is not possible (for an awning, for example, this might be an extension of 0 to 30%). In order to report the safe position of the drive mechanism, either a zero position sensor (e.g. final position switch or light barrier) may be connected at an input of the actuator (this must be set in the example, if the awning is used as slave 30% may be open, at position 31% it should be mounted), or the actuator receives the message of its zero position sensor by the bus (see graphic in chapter *Connection options for zero position sensors* in the general part).

Before the drive mechanism of the master actuator is moved, the slave actuator receives the command to move its drive mechanism to the safe position. As a consequence, the slave remains in safe position or it moves back if it is not within the safe range.

The master actuator knows from the communication object „Slave zero position status” whether the drive mechanism connected to the slave actuator is already in a safe position (then the master moves immediately) or not (then the master waits). Only if the master actuator is informed that the slave drive mechanism is in a safe position, it moves its drive mechanism beyond its own safe position.

Example:

The ventilation with the window shall take priority over the shading with the awning. Therefore, the window is parameterised as master, the awning as slave. Both are provided with a zero position sensor which reports whether the drive mechanism is in a safe position or not.

The awning is now extended and the window shall be opened. The window knows the status of the awning (“not safe position”) and therefore submits a master command to the awning. This is the signal for the awning, to retract a little bit. As soon as the awning has reached a safe position, there is an according feedback signal of the zero position sensor of the awning. Only now the window opens.



Master and slave regularly exchange their positions (“safe” or “not safe”). By means of the monitoring period, you may adjust the frequency of information retrieval. The selected period should be shorter than the period which the monitored drive mechanism needs to travel from the limit of the safe range (last reported safe position) to a position where there is risk of collision.

If the drive mechanism does not receive a master/slave or zero position object, it moves to the safe position. The same holds true for a bus voltage breakdown or for a malfunction message from the zero position sensor (is valid for the parameterisation as master and as slave).

Without movement range limitation:

Use movement range limit	no
Behaviour following a failure of the bus power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • Stop • Up command • Down1 command • Down2 command
Behaviour on bus voltage restoration and after programming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • Up command • Down1 command • Down2 command

With movement range limit:

Set if the zero position sensor of the drive is directly connected to the actuator (input channel) or if the zero position is received via the bus (communication object).

Use movement range limit	yes
Zero position sensor connected as	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>communication object</u> • input channel
Actuator is	<u>master</u> • slave

Actuator as master:

Actuator is	master
Send repetition for master command in sec	1 ... 255; <u>10</u>
Monitoring period for slave status (and zero position) object in sec	1 ... 255; <u>10</u>

Actuator as slave:

Actuator is	slave
Send repetition for slave commands in sec	1 ... 255; <u>10</u>
Monitoring period for master status (and zero position) object in sec	1 ... 255; <u>10</u>
Movement position for slave in % if input "Master zero position command" = 1	<u>0</u> ... 100

Reference travel direction:

If the travel range is limited, the direction of the reference travel is fixed (safe position). The direction can be set without limiting the travel range.

Direction of reference travel	in safe position
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Blocking objects:

The output channel can be blocked in case of rain, wind or other events. The manual operation is then not possible. Blocking and monitoring are configured here first. For setting the individual blocks, separate menu items "Blocking X" will appear (see chapter *Block – blocking objects*, page 36, *Block – wind blocking*, page 37 and *Block – rain blocking*, page 38).

The priorities of the blocking objects correspond to the sequence listed (Block 1 has the highest priority, Block 5 the lowest).

Use Block 1 (high priority)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • yes, with blocking object • yes, as wind blocking • yes, as rain blocking
Use block 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • yes, with blocking object • yes, as wind blocking • yes, as rain blocking
Use block 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • yes, with blocking object • yes, as wind blocking • yes, as rain blocking
Use block 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • yes, with blocking object • yes, as wind blocking • yes, as rain blocking
Use Block 5 (low priority)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • yes, with blocking object • yes, as wind blocking • yes, as rain blocking
Use monitoring of blocking objects	<u>No</u> • Yes
Monitoring period for blocking objects (only if using monitoring of the blocking objects)	5s... • 2 h; <u>5 min</u>
Behaviour if a blocking object is not received (only if blocking object monitoring is used)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Stop</u> • Up command • Down command

Short time restriction:

If short time restriction is active, only short time movement commands are still possible manually. If the function "Allow step commands only for blind adjustment" is activated simultaneously, (see *Channel settings*, page 31) only the slats can still be adjusted by hand but no longer the movement position of the shutter.

Restriction is active for object value 1.

Use short time limit	<u>no</u> • yes
Value of the object in front of 1. communication and bus voltage restoration (if short time restriction is used)	<u>0</u> • 1

Automatic reset:

With the manual operation the automatic of the drive is deactivated. Here it is set when the automatic is reactivated.

Manual switches to automatic after	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>expiry of a waiting period</u> • reception of an object • expiration of a waiting period or receipt of an object
Waiting period in min (if "Expiration of a waiting period" was chosen)	1...255; <u>20</u>
Switch to automatic for an object value (if "Receipt of an object" was chosen)	0 • <u>1</u> • 0 or 1

Automatic blocking object:

With the automatic blocking object, the automatic can be deactivated for a short term (e.g. if present or during speeches in conference rooms). Here it is also specified in which mode the channel is found when the voltage returns, i.e. after a power failure. The mode (manual or automatic) is send as a status object to the bus.

Use automatic blocking object	<u>no</u> • yes
Operating mode after power returns	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Automatic</u> • Manual
Send status object	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>1 for automatic</u> <u>0 for manual</u> • 0 for automatic 1 for manual
Send delay of the status output Automatic or Manual in 0.1 sec	<u>0</u> ...50

Type of automatic:

The automatic for the connected drive can be specified externally, however all the settings can also be configured internally. If "internal automatic" is chosen, a separate menu item "Automatic" (see chapter *Automation - external*, page 39 or *Scenes*, page 43) appears.

Type of automatic	<u>external automatic</u> • internal automatic
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Block – blocking objects

The menu item only appears if a block with blocking object was configured for "control". Here it is specified was happens for object value 1 and 0. Via the free blocking object, a fire alarm scenario may be configured for example (create escape routes by retracting the shading, smoke extraction via windows). This can prevent being locked out on the patio (opened window contact of the patio door blocks the shutter in front of the door).

Designation	Block 1 ... 5 [free text]
If blocking object has value =1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no action • stop • <u>up command</u> • down1 command • down2 command • approach intermediate position • approach slat position
<i>Position in % (only if by using a block, a specific position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
<i>Slat position in % (only if by using a block, a specific shutter position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
If blocking object has value =0	
For manual operation before and after blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • move into last position
For automatic operation after blocking	follow automatic
Value of the object before the 1st communication and bus voltage return	0... <u>1</u>

Block – wind blocking

The menu item only appears if a wind blocking was configured for "control". The input object "wind blocking" is linked with the output object of a wind sensor. The input can be a 1bit object (smaller or larger than a threshold value), as well as a 16bit object (measurement value).

Designation	Wind blocking [free text]
Type of input object	<u>1 bit</u> • 16 bit

1 bit input object:

Type of input object	1 bit
If blocking object has value =1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no action • stop • <u>up command</u> • down1 command • down2 command • approach intermediate position • approach slat position
<i>Position in % (only if by using a block, a specific position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
<i>Slat position in % (only if by using a block, a specific shutter position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
Waiting period in secure position in min after blocking	1...255; <u>5</u>
Behaviour after waiting period	

For manual operation before and after blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • move into last position
For automatic operation after blocking	follow automatic

16 bit input object:

Type of input object	16 bit
As of wind speed in m/s blocking	2...30; <u>5</u>
If blocking is active	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no action • stop • <u>up command</u> • down1 command • down2 command • approach intermediate position • approach slat position
Waiting period in secure position in min after blocking	1...255; <u>5</u>
Behaviour after waiting period	
For manual operation before and after blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • move into last position
For automatic operation after blocking	follow automatic
Send current blocking status	<u>no</u> • yes

Block – rain blocking

The menu item only appears if a rain blocking was configured for "control". The input object "rain blocking" is linked with the output object of a rain sensor.

Designation	rain blocking [free text]
If blocking object has value =1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no action • stop • <u>up command</u> • down1 command • down2 command • approach intermediate position • approach slat position
<i>Position in % (only if by using a block, a specific position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
<i>Slat position in % (only if by using a block, a specific shutter position is achieved)</i>	<u>0</u> ...100
Waiting period in secure position in min after blocking	1...255; <u>5</u>
Behaviour after waiting period	
For manual operation before and after blocking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no action</u> • move into last position
For automatic operation after blocking	follow automatic

5.3.1.2.Automation - external

The 'External automation' menu item appears if the external automation is selected in 'Control'. In this case, the position memory can be activated for the automatic movement. The position set here can be overwritten via a learning object at any time. The memorised position can be retrieved again at a later time.

Use position memory	<u>no</u> • yes
Position specification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>shading position</u> • closed position • intermediate position • slat position
Position in %	<u>0</u> ...100
Use learning object for new shading position	<u>no</u> • yes
<i>Transfer when programming (when learning object is used)</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>all parameters</u> • changed parameters only

5.3.1.3Automatic - internal for shading

The menu item "Automatic internal" appears if internal automatic is selected for "control". The internal automatic functions take into account the brightness/position of the sun, outdoor and indoor temperature and allow a time and dimming control. A shading position can be specified or taught.

To be able to fully utilize the internal shading automatic, information about brightness/twilight, outdoor and indoor temperature, time and position of the sun must be present in the bus system.

Outdoor temperature block:

The input object "outdoor temperature block" is linked with the output object of a temperature sensor. The input object can be a 1bit object (smaller or larger than a threshold value), as well as a 16bit object (measurement value).

Use automatic blocking object	<u>no</u> • yes
Use automatic blocking object	yes
Type of temperature input object	<u>1 bit</u> • 16 bit

1 bit input object:

Type of temperature input object	1 bit
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Shading is allowed if the bit is 0 and blocked if the bit is 1.

16 bit input object:

Type of temperature input object	16 bit
Threshold value in 0.1°C	-300 ... 800; <u>50</u>

Hysteresis in 0.1°C	1 ... 100; <u>20</u>
Send current blocking status	<u>no</u> • yes

Shading is allowed

if the measurement value is larger than the threshold value+hysteresis and blocked

if the measurement value is smaller than or equal to the threshold value.

Twilight/time control:

The time control is provided via a communication object. The input object "twilight control" is linked with the output object of a brightness sensor. A 1bit object (smaller or larger than a threshold value), as well as a 16bit object (measurement value) can be used for the twilight control.

Use twilight/time control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>no</u> • only twilight control • only time control • both (OR linking)
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Use twilight/time control	only twilight control / both
Type of twilight object	<u>1 bit</u> • 16 bit

16 bit input object:

Type of twilight object	16 bit
Twilight threshold value in lux	1 ... 1000; <u>10</u>
Switching delay	1 minute
Send current twilight status	<u>no</u> • yes

Indoor temperature release:

The input object "indoor temperature release" is linked with the output object of a temperature sensor. The input object can be a 1bit object (smaller or larger than a threshold value), as well as a 16bit object (measurement value or target and actual value).

Use inside temperature release	<u>no</u> • yes
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Type of input object	<u>1 bit</u> • 16 bit • 16 bit target/actual temperature
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16 bit input object:

Type of input object	16 bit
Threshold value in 0.1°C	-300 ... 800; <u>200</u>
Hysteresis in 0.1°C	0 ... 100; <u>20</u>
Send current blocking status	<u>no</u> • yes

16 bit input object (target/actual temperature):

For this function the target value and actual value (measurement values) are imported from the 16bit object and evaluated.

Type of input object	16 bit target/actual temperature
Target value (SW) – actual value (MW) Difference in 0.1°C	1 ... 100; <u>20</u>
Hysteresis in 0.1°C	0 ... 100; <u>20</u>
Send current blocking status	<u>no</u> • yes

Shading is allowed if the measurement value is greater than or equal to the target value+difference

and blocked if the measurement value is smaller than the target value+hysteresis difference.

Automatic shading:

The automatic shading evaluates the input objects "brightness" and "position of the sun" of a weather station. The moving position for the automatic shading is specified here as well.

Use automatic shading	<u>no</u> • yes
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Brightness:

For controlling brightness, a 1bit object (smaller or larger than a threshold value), as well as two or three 16bit objects (measurement values, e.g. East, South and West sun) can be used.

Type of shading input	<u>1 x 1 bit</u> • 1 x 16 bit • 2 x 16 bit • 3 x 16 bit
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1 x 1 bit input object:

Set the delay times for shading (prevents constant opening and closing when light conditions change quickly).

Type of shading input	1 x 1 bit
Drive up delay in min	0 ... 255; <u>12</u>
Departure delay in min	0 ... 30; <u>1</u>

1 x 16 bit, 2 x 16 bit or 3 x 16 bit as an input object:

The brightness threshold value can be specified per parameter or communication object. For several brightness measurement values (2 x 16 bit or 3 x 16 bit) only the maximum brightness value is compared to the threshold value.

Type of shading input	1 x 16 bit • 2 x 16 bit • 3 x 16 bit
Shading threshold specification per	<u>parameter</u> • communication object

Threshold value per parameter:

Set the threshold value and delay times for shading (prevents constant opening and closing when light conditions change quickly).

Shading threshold specification per	Parameter
Shading threshold value in klux	1 ... 100; <u>30</u>
Drive up delay in min	0 ... 255; <u>12</u>
Drive down delay in min	0 ... 30; <u>1</u>
Send current shading status	<u>No</u> • Yes

Threshold value per communication object:

The threshold value is received via the communication object and can be changed additionally (e.g. button for "more sensitive" and "less sensitive"). Set the delay times for shading here (prevents constant opening and closing when light conditions change quickly).

Shading threshold specification per	communication object
The value communicated last shall be retained	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>not</u> • after voltage returns • after voltage returns and programming
Start threshold value in klux valid until 1st communication	0 ... 100; <u>30</u>
Type of limit value change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Absolute value with a 16bit comm. object</u> • Lifting/lowering with a comm. object • Lifting/lowering with two comm. objects
Increments in klux (only when "lifting/lowering with comm. object")	1 ... 5; <u>2</u>
Drive up delay in min	0 ... 255; <u>12</u>
Drive down delay in min	0 ... 30; <u>1</u>
Send current shading status	<u>no</u> • yes

Position of the sun:

Assess position of the sun	<u>no</u> • yes
Assess position of the sun	yes
Position of the sun is defined via	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Discreet value of azimuth and elevation</u> • Directions (regarding azimuth and elevation)

Defining position of sun via values:

Enter the range (direction and height) in which the sun must be located for the shading to be active.

Position of the sun is defined via	discreet value of azimuth and elevation
Azimuth from	<u>0</u> ... 360

Azimuth to	<u>0</u> ... 360
Elevation from	<u>0</u> ... 90
Elevation to	<u>0</u> ... 90

Defining position of the sun via directions:

Enter the direction in which the sun must be positioned so that the shading is active.

Position of the sun is defined via	directions (regarding azimuth and elevation)
Directions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • East (azimuth: 0° ... 180°) • South east (azimuth: 45° ... 225°) • South (azimuth: 90° ... 270°) • South west (azimuth: 135° ... 315°) • West (azimuth: 180° ... 360°)

Position specification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>shading position</u> • closed position • intermediate position • slat position
Movement position in %	0...100; <u>75</u>
Slat position in %	0...100; <u>75</u>

Use teaching object for new shading position: The curtain position it can be specified numerically or taught manually. For teaching set "use teaching object: Yes" and the "channel X shading position teaching object" is used for saving the position reached. Saving occurs for value = 1 and can for example be realized via a button linked to the teaching object. Numerical specifications already set are overwritten by the teaching object.

5.3.1.4. Scenes

A group address for scenes must be filed in the KNX system to control the scenes. The input object 'Channel X: call/save scenes' of the actuator is linked to this group address.

A scene is **called**, then the **scene number** is communicated to the actuator. The movement position saved for this scene number in the actuator is then taken.

If the scene **saving** function is used, then the current movement position is saved for this scene number in the actuator.

The 'Scenes' menu item of the actuator is only shown if 'Use scenes: yes' was selected in the settings for the drive channel. Every drive can **have up to 16 scene save points** for movement positions.

Activate a scene save point.

Use scene X	<u>no</u> • yes
-------------	------------------------

Assign a scene number to the scene save point. Use this scene number to call/save the movement position stored in the actuator. Make sure that every scene number is used only once per drive channel.

Scene number	<u>0</u> ...127
--------------	-----------------

Set the movement position. If it is allowed to save scenes via the bus, this position only applies after the ETS download until the first manual saving. Afterwards, the new movement position saved in the actuator is used.

Position specification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shading position • closed position • <u>intermediate position</u> • slat position
Position in %	0...100; <u>50</u>

5.3.1.5. Button inputs

The inputs 1, 2, 3 and 4 are designated by default for operating the devices on the outputs (channels), and are therefore parametrized directly in the settings of the output channels. They can be used as actuator button or bus button, for connected drives the inputs 5, 7, 9 and 11 can be used *alternatively* for zero position sensors.

Operating mode	
Use input 5 / 7 / 9 / 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no • as a bus button • <u>as an actuator switch</u> • as a zero position sensor
Use input 6 / 8 / 10 / 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no • as a bus button • <u>as an actuator switch</u>

Input as bus button

The settings correspond to input 1/2/3/4 (see *Input as bus button*, page 27)

Input as actuator button

If this channel is used for the input to the control of the drive, then specify the button function and the control mode.

Button function	<u>Up</u> • Down
Control mode*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard • Standard inverted • Comfort mode • Dead man's switch

*A detailed description of the setting options for the individual control modi can be found in the chapter *Control modi for drive control*, page 46.

The input can be blocked using a blocking object. No operation is possible for an active block.

Use blocking object	<u>No</u> • Yes
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If monitoring periods or movement range limits are used, no operation via the local button is possible in case of a bus voltage failure.

Input as zero position sensor

The zero position sensor is used for the movement range limit of the respective drive (see *Channel settings*, page 31). In case of a defect zero position sensor a malfunctioning message can be sent to the bus.

Send malfunction message when zero position sensor is defective

No • Yes

6. General part

6.0.1. Output channel with drive

Control modi for drive control

If inputs are used as buttons for operating shading or windows, then different control modi can be set.

Control mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard • Standard inverted • Comfort mode • Dead man's switch
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Standard:

If briefly operated, the drive will move incrementally or stops. If operated longer, the drive will move up to the end position. The time difference between "short" and "long" is set individually.

Control mode	Standard
Behavior during button operation: short = stop/increment long = Up or Down	
Time between short and long in 0.1 seconds	1...50; <u>10</u>

Standard inverted:

When pushed shortly, the drive moves up to the end position. When pushed for longer, the drive moves incrementally or stops. The time difference between "short" and "long" and the repeat interval is set individually.

Control mode	Standard inverted
Behavior during button operation: short = Up or Down long = Stop/Step	
Time between short and long in 0.1 seconds	1...50; <u>10</u>
Repeat the step command for a long button press	every 0.1 s • every 2 sec; <u>every 0.5 sec</u>

Comfort mode:

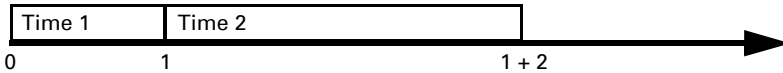
In the **comfort mode** actuating the button briefly, a bit longer and long will trigger different responses of the drive. The time intervals are set individually.

Short actuation (shorter than Time 1): The drive is positioned step-wise and stopped.
Holding it slightly longer (longer than Time 1, but shorter than Time 1+2): Drive running. Drive stops when the button is released.

Long holding (release after Time 1+2 runs out): Drive moves independently to the end position. The movement can be interrupted by a short tap.

Abb. 1

Time interval comfort mode diagram



Point in time 0:	Actuate of button, start of time 1 step (or stop if drive is moving)
Release before time 1 expired:	End of time 1, start of time 2 Moving command
Point in time 1:	Stop
Release after time 1 expired but before time 2 expires:	Move into end position
Release after time 1 + 2 expired:	

Control mode	Comfort mode
Behavior during button operation: Button is pushed and released before time 1 expired = stop/step held longer than time 1 = Up or Down released between time 1 and 1-2= stop released after time 1 +2 = no more stop	
Time 1	0.0s ... • 2 s; <u>0.4 s</u>
Time 2	0 s • 2 s; <u>2 s</u>

Dead man's switch:

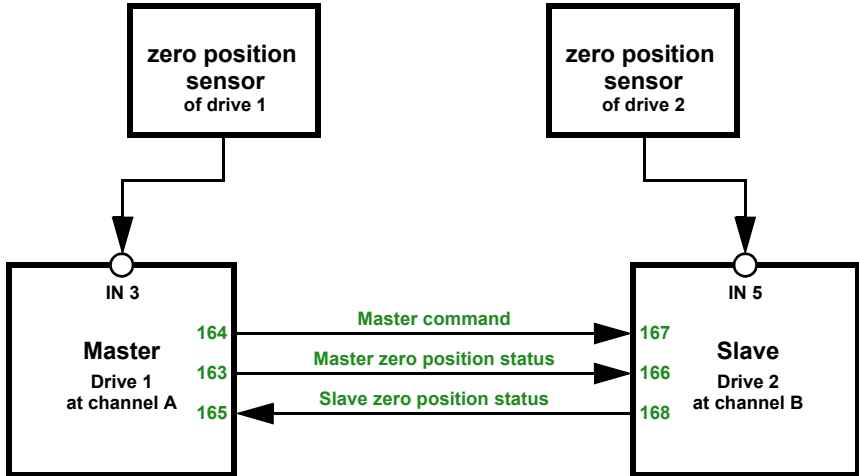
The drive moves as soon as the button is actuated and stops as soon as the button is released.

Control mode	Dead man's switch
Behavior during button operation: Push button = Up or Down command Release button = Stop command	

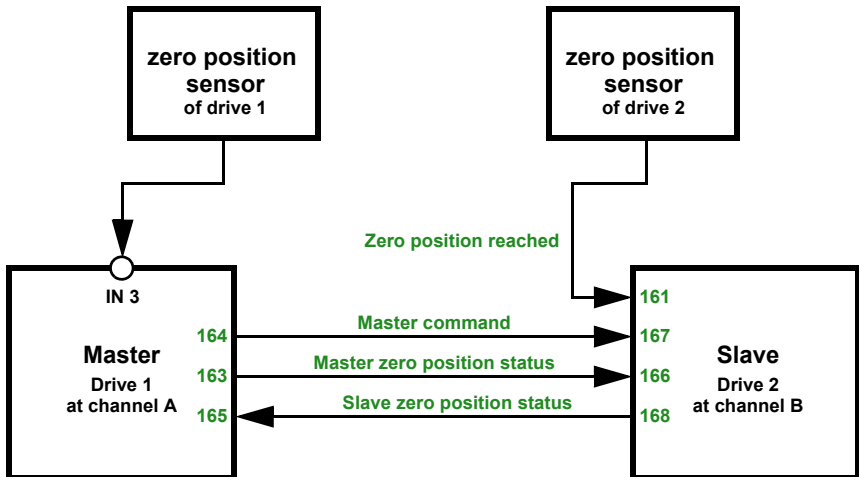
6.0.2. Connection option for zero position sensors

See also section *Movement Range Limit* in chapter *Control*, page 32. The examples and the communication object numbers refer to the mutual master-slave coupling of drives at the output channel A and channel B.

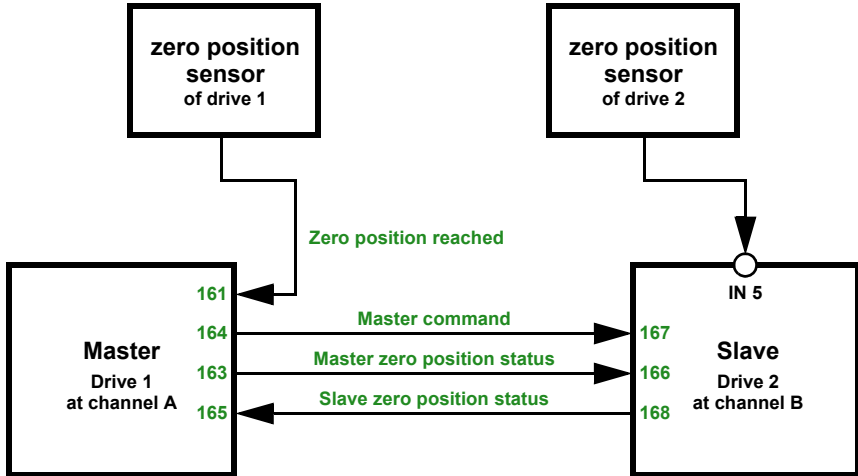
Drive channel A is Master, zero position sensor at input 3 of the actuator, drive channel B is Slave, zero position sensor at input 5 of the actuator:



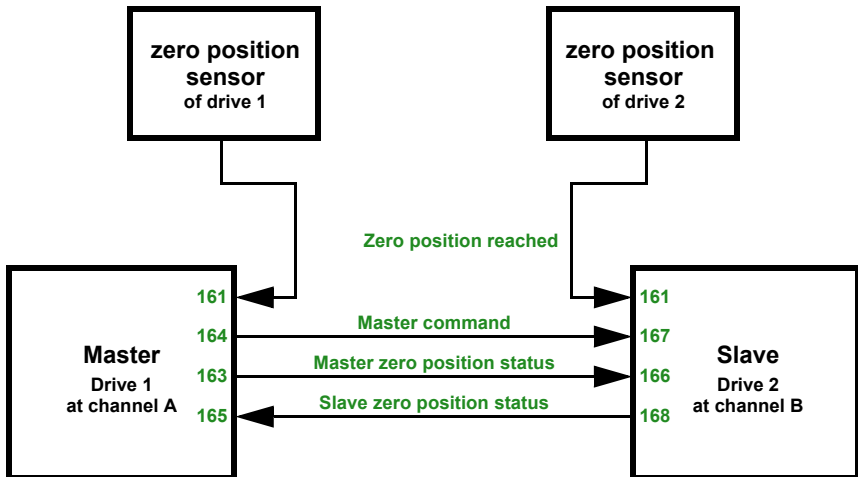
Drive channel A is Master, zero position sensor at input 3 of the actuator, drive channel B is Slave, zero position sensor via bus:



**Drive channel A is Master, zero position sensor via bus,
drive channel B is Slave, zero position sensor at input 5 of the actuator:**



**Drive channel A is Master, zero position sensor via bus,
drive channel B is Slave, zero position sensor via bus:**



Questions about the product?

You can reach the technical service of Elsner Elektronik under
Tel. +49 (0) 70 33 / 30 945-250 or
service@elsner-elektronik.de

We need the following information to process your service request:

- Type of appliance (model name or item number)
- Description of the problem
- Serial number or software version
- Source of supply (dealer/installer who bought the device from Elsner Elektronik)

For questions about KNX functions:

- Version of the device application
- ETS version used for the project

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