

Brightness and Wind Sensor KNX LW

KNX LW Brightness and Wind Sensor

Technical specifications and installation instructions Item numbers 70128 (KNX LW 230 V AC), 70129 (KNX LW 20...30 V DC)





Description 1.

The Brightness and Wind Sensor KNX LW measures the intensity of illumination and wind speed and transfers the values to the KNX system. Nine switching outputs with adjustable threshold values as well as additional AND and OR logic gates are available. The sensor system, the evaluation electronics and the electronics of the bus connection are mounted in a compact housing.

Functions:

- Brightness measurement: The current light intensity is measured by a sensor
- Wind measurement: The wind strength measurement takes place electronically and thus noiselessly and reliably, even during hail, snow and sub-zero temperatures. Even turbulent air and anabatic winds in the vicinity of the weather station are recorded
- Wind sensor monitoring: If the wind measurement value changes by less than ± 0.5 m/s within 48 hours, the maximum measurement value of 35 m/s is output as a fault message. All wind alarms with a limit value below 35 m/ s become active as a result
- 9 threshold values can be adjusted per parameter or via communication objects
- 8 AND and 8 OR logic gates with each 4 inputs. Every switching incident as well as 8 logic inputs (in the form of communication objects) may be used as inputs for the logic gates. The output of each gate may optionally be configured as 1 bit or 2 x 8 bits

Configuration is made using the KNX software ETS. The product file can be downloaded from the Elsner Elektronik website on www.elsner-elektronik.de in the "Service" menu.

1.1. Deliverables

- Sensor with combined wall/pole mounting
- 2x stainless steel installation band for pole installation

1.2. Technical specifications

Housing	Plastic material
Colour	White/translucent
Mounting	On-wall
Degree of protection	IP 44
Dimensions	approx. 96 × 77 × 118 (W × H × D, mm)
Weight	230 V AC version approx. 240 g, 2030 V DC version approx. 170 g
Ambient temperature	Operation -30+50°C, storage -30+70°C
Operating voltage	Available for 230 V AC or for 2030 V DC An appropriate power supply unit can be obtained from Elsner Elektronik.
Cable cross-section	Massive conductors of up to 1.5 mm ² or con- ductors with fine wires
Current	230 V AC version max. 20 mA, 2030 V DC version: max. 30 mA. max. 0,4 W. residual ripple 10%
Data output	KNX +/- bus terminal plug
Group addresses	max. 254
Allocations	max. 255
Communication objects	117
Measurement range Wind	035 m/s
Resolution (wind)	0,1 m/s
Accuracy (wind)	at ambient temperature -20+50°C: ±22% of the measurement value when inci- dent flow is from 45315° ±15% of the measurement value when inci- dent flow is from 90270° (Frontal incident flow corresponds to 180°)
Measurement range brightness	0 lux 150,000 lux

Resolution (brightness)	1 lux up to 300 lux 2 lux up to 1,000 lux
	25 lux up to 150,000 lux
Accuracy (brightness)	±15% of the measurement value at 30 lux 30,000 lux

The product conforms with the provisions of EU directives.

2. Installation and commissioning

Installation, testing, operational start-up and troubleshooting should only be performed by an authorised electrician.

DANGER! A

- Risk to life from live voltage (mains voltage)!
- There are unprotected live components inside the device. • Inspect the device for damage before installation. Only put undamaged
- devices into operation. • Comply with the locally applicable directives, regulations and provisions
- for electrical installation. • Immediately take the device or system out of service and secure it against
- unintentional switch-on if risk-free operation is no longer guaranteed.

Use the device exclusively for building automation and observe the operating instructions. Improper use, modifications to the device or failure to observe the operating instructions will invalidate any warranty or guarantee claims.

Operate the device only as a fixed-site installation, i.e. only in assembled condition and after conclusion of all installation and operational start-up tasks, and only in the surroundings designated for it.

Elsner Elektronik is not liable for any changes in norms and standards which may occur after publication of these operating instructions.

2.1. Location

Select an assembly location at the building where sun and wind may be collected by the sensors unobstructedly. The sensor may not be shaded by the building or for example by trees.

At least 60 cm of clearance must be left all round the device. This facilitates correct wind speed measurement without eddies. The distance concurrently prevents spray (raindrops hitting the device) or snow (snow penetration) from impairing the measurement. It also does not allow birds to bite it.



Wal

or

pole

Horizontal

Fig. 1 There must be at least 60 cm of space below, to the sides and in front of the sensor left from other elements (structures, construction parts, etc.).

Fig. 2 The brightness/wind sensor must be mounted on a vertical wall (or a pole).



2.2. Mounting of the sensor

2.2.1. Attaching the mount

The sensor comes with a combination wall/pole mount. The mount comes adhered by adhesive strips to the rear side of the housing. Fasten the mount vertically onto the wall or pole.

Fig. 4 When wall mounting: flat side on wall, crescent-shaped collar upward.







Fig. 8 a+b Drill hole plan

ment.



Unsnap cove

- Fig. 9 1
- device)
- 2

provided.



and Wind Sensor KNX LW • Version: 11.11.2021 • Technical changes and errors excepted. • Elsner Elektronik GmbH • Sohlengrund 16 • 75395 Ostelsheim • Germany • www.elsner-elektronik.de • Technical Service: +49 (0) 7033 / 30945-250



Fig. 6

Different mounting arms are available from Elsner Elektronik as additional, optional accessories for flexible installation of the weather station on a wall, pole or beam. Example of the use of a mounting arm:

Due to flexible ball joints, the sensor can be brought into ideal position.

Fig. 7 Example use of the hinge arm mounting: Fitting to a pole with worm drive hose clips

2.2.2. View of rear side and drill hole plan

Dimensions of rear side of housing with bracket. Subject to change for technical enhance-





2.2.3. Preparing the sensor



and remove upwards

Screw-on cover (230V Cover snaps

3 Bottom part of housing

The sensor cover snaps in on the left and right along the bottom edge (see Fig.). The cover of the 230V model is also screwed on top. Remove the cover. Proceed carefully, so as not to pull off the wire connecting the PCB in the bottom part with the cover (soldered cable connection in case of 230 V AC version, cable with plug in case of 20...30 V DC version).

Lead the cable for the voltage supply and bus connection through the rubber seals on the bottom of the device and connect Voltage L/N and Bus +/- to the terminals



Fig. 10

Remove the cable shielding under the circuit board and only feed the connector cables upwards through the openings in the circuit board.

2.2.4. PCB layout

230 V AC version



20...30 V DC version



2.2.5. Mounting the weather station

Close the housing by putting the cover back over the bottom part. The cover must snap in on the left and right with a definite "click".

Fig. 11

wires

device

Fig. 12

- or -/+).

device

for bus cable

5 Programming LED

3

4

1 Opening for the cable for

Tension clamp for volta-

suitable for massive conductors of up to 1.5 mm²

or conductors with fine

Opening for bus cable

Slot for KNX clamp +/-

5 Programming pushbutton for the teach-in of the

1 Tension clamp for volta-

ge supply (20...30 V DC). Massive conductors of

up to 1.5 mm² or conductors with fine wires. Terminal configuration inde-

pendent from polarity (+/

2 Opening for the cable for

3 Slot for KNX clamp +/-

4 Programming pushbut-

ton for the teach-in of the

the voltage supply and

6 Programming LED

ge supply (230 V AC),

the voltage supply



Fig. 13

Make sure the cover and bottom part are properly snapped together! This picture is looking at the closed sensor from underneath.



Fig. 14

With the 230V model, screw the cover on to the underpart, to prevent unauthorised or accidental opening.

DANGER!

There is a risk to life from the live voltage on a 230 V device! The cover must be screwed on in operation.



Fig. 15 Push the housing from above into the fastened mount. The bumps on the mount must snap into the rails in the housing.

To remove it, the weather station can be simply pulled upwards out of the mount, against the resistance of the fastening.



Fig. 16 After installation, remove the protective sticker on the wind sensor and the "distance" sticker on the top of the cover.

2.3. Notes on mounting and commissioning

Do not open the device if water (rain) might ingress: even some drops might damage the electronic system.

Observe the correct connections. Incorrect connections may destroy the sensor or connected electronic devices.

The measured wind value and thus all other wind switching outputs may only be supplied 60 seconds after the supply voltage has been connected.

After the auxiliary voltage has been applied, the device will enter an initialisation phase lasting a few seconds. During this phase no information can be received or sent via the bus.

Addressing of the device at the bus 3.

The device is supplied with the bus address 15.15.255. You can program another address into the ETS by overwriting the 15.15.255 address or by teaching via the programming key on the circuit board inside the housing.

DANGER!

- Risk to life from live voltage (mains voltage)!
 - With the 230V model, bus addressing via the programming key should only be done by an accredited electrician.
 - Do not touch any components on the circuit board while pressing the key.

Maintenance 4.

DANGER!

There is a risk to life from the live voltage (mains voltage)! If you come into contact with live components in the device, (e.g. caused also by a jet of water) there is the risk of an electric shock with 230 V devices.

Risk of injury caused by components moved automatically! The automatic control can start system components and place people in danger (e.g. moving windows/awnings if a rain/wind alarm has been triggered while cleaning).

• Always isolate the device from the mains for servicing and cleaning (e.g. switch off or remove the fuse).

The device must regularly be checked for dirt twice a year and cleaned if necessary. In case of severe dirt, the sensor may not work properly anymore.

ATTENTION

The device can be damaged if water penetrates the housing. • Do not clean with high pressure cleaners or steam jets.

Disposal 5.

After use, the device must be disposed of in accordance with the legal regulations. Do not dispose of it with the household waste!