

# **KNX LW** Brightness and Wind Sensor



KNX LW 230 V AC No. 70128



**Installation and Adjustment** 

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This manual is amended periodically and will be brought into line with new software releases. The change status (software version and date) can be found in the contents footer. If you have a device with a later software version, please check

www.elsner-elektronik.de in the menu area "Service" to find out whether a more up-todate version of the manual is available.

### Clarification of signs used in this manual

$\wedge$	Safety advice.
	Safety advice for working on electrical connections, components, etc.
DANGER!	indicates an immediately hazardous situation which will lead to death or severe injuries if it is not avoided.
WARNING!	indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may lead to death or severe injuries if it is not avoided.
CAUTION!	indicates a potentially hazardous situation which may lead to trivial or minor injuries if it is not avoided.
	! indicates a situation which may lead to damage to property if it is not avoided.
ETS	In the ETS tables, the parameter default settings are marked by <u>underlining</u> .

# 1. Description

The **Brightness and Wind Sensor KNX LW** measures the intensity of illumination and wind speed and transfers the values to the KNX system. Nine switching outputs with adjustable threshold values as well as additional AND and OR logic gates are available. The sensor system, the evaluation electronics and the electronics of the bus connection are mounted in a compact housing.

#### Functions:

- Brightness measurement: The current light intensity is measured by a sensor
- Wind measurement: The wind strength measurement takes place electronically and thus noiselessly and reliably, even during hail, snow and sub-zero temperatures. Even turbulent air and anabatic winds in the vicinity of the weather station are recorded
- Wind sensor monitoring: If the wind measurement value changes by less than ± 0.5 m/s within 48 hours, the maximum measurement value of 35 m/s is output as a fault message. All wind alarms with a limit value below 35 m/s become active as a result
- 9 threshold values can be adjusted per parameter or via communication objects
- 8 AND and 8 OR logic gates with each 4 inputs. Every switching incident as well as 8 logic inputs (in the form of communication objects) may be used as inputs for the logic gates. The output of each gate may optionally be configured as 1 bit or 2 x 8 bits

Configuration is made using the KNX software ETS. The **product file** can be downloaded from the Elsner Elektronik website on **www.elsner-elektronik.de** in the "Service" menu.

# 1.1. Deliverables

- Sensor with combined wall/pole mounting
- 2x stainless steel installation band for pole installation

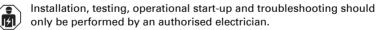
# 1.2. Technical specifications

Housing	Plastic material
Colour	White/translucent
Mounting	On-wall
Degree of protection	IP 44
Dimensions	approx. 96 × 77 × 118 (W × H × D, mm)
Weight	230 V AC version approx. 240 g, 2030 V DC version approx. 170 g
Ambient temperature	Operation -30+50°C, storage -30+70°C

Operating voltage	Available for 230 V AC or for 2030 V DC An appropriate power supply unit can be obtained from Elsner Elektronik.
Cable cross-section	Massive conductors of up to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> or conductors with fine wires
Current	230 V AC version max. 20 mA, 2030 V DC version: max. 30 mA. max. 0,4 W. residual ripple 10%
Data output	KNX +/- bus terminal plug
Group addresses	max. 254
Allocations	max. 255
Communication objects	117
Measurement range Wind	035 m/s
Resolution (wind)	0,1 m/s
Accuracy (wind)	at ambient temperature -20+50°C: ±22% of the measurement value when incident flow is from 45315° ±15% of the measurement value when incident flow is from 90270° (Frontal incident flow corresponds to 180°)
Measurement range brightness	0 lux 150,000 lux
Resolution (brightness)	1 lux up to 300 lux 2 lux up to 1,000 lux 25 lux up to 150,000 lux
Accuracy (brightness)	±15% of the measurement value at 30 lux 30,000 lux

The product conforms with the provisions of EU directives.

# 2. Installation and commissioning





#### DANGER! Risk to life from live voltage (mains voltage)!

There are unprotected live components inside the device.

- Inspect the device for damage before installation. Only put undamaged devices into operation.
- Comply with the locally applicable directives, regulations and provisions for electrical installation.

• Immediately take the device or system out of service and secure it against unintentional switch-on if risk-free operation is no longer guaranteed. Use the device exclusively for building automation and observe the operating instructions. Improper use, modifications to the device or failure to observe the operating instructions will invalidate any warranty or guarantee claims.

Operate the device only as a fixed-site installation, i.e. only in assembled condition and after conclusion of all installation and operational start-up tasks, and only in the surroundings designated for it.

Elsner Elektronik is not liable for any changes in norms and standards which may occur after publication of these operating instructions.

# 2.1. Location

Select an assembly location at the building where sun and wind may be collected by the sensors unobstructedly. The sensor may not be shaded by the building or for example by trees.

At least 60 cm of clearance must be left all round the device. This facilitates correct wind speed measurement without eddies. The distance concurrently prevents spray (raindrops hitting the device) or snow (snow penetration) from impairing the measurement. It also does not allow birds to bite it.

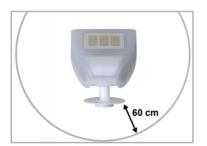


Fig. 1

There must be at least 60 cm of space below, to the sides and in front of the sensor left from other elements (structures, construction parts, etc.).

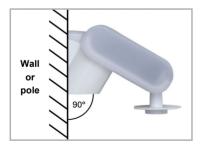


Fig. 2 The brightness/wind sensor must be mounted on a vertical wall (or a pole).

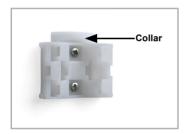


Fig. 3 The brightness/wind sensor must be mounted in the horizontal transverse direction (horizontally).

# 2.2. Mounting of the sensor

## 2.2.1. Attaching the mount

The sensor comes with a combination wall/pole mount. The mount comes adhered by adhesive strips to the rear side of the housing. Fasten the mount vertically onto the wall or pole.



#### Fig. 4

When wall mounting: flat side on wall, crescentshaped collar upward.

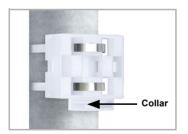


Fig. 5 When pole mounting: curved side on pole, collar downward.

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#### Fig. 6

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Different mounting arms are available from Elsner Elektronik as additional, optional accessories for flexible installation of the weather station on a wall, pole or beam.

Example of the use of a mounting arm: Due to flexible ball joints, the sensor can be brought into ideal position.

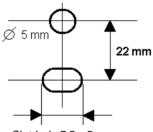


Fig. 7 Example use of the hinge arm mounting: Fitting to a pole with worm drive hose clips

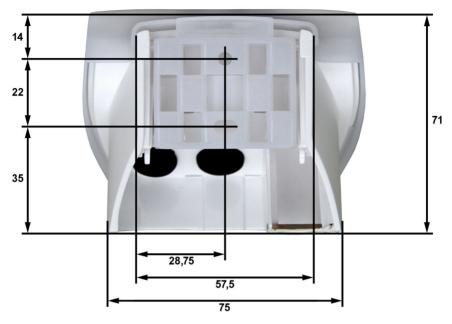
### 2.2.2. View of rear side and drill hole plan

Fig. 8 a+b Drill hole plan

Dimensions of rear side of housing with bracket. Subject to change for technical enhancement.



Slot hole 7,5 x 5 mm

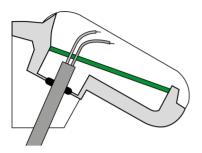






The sensor cover snaps in on the left and right along the bottom edge (see Fig.). The cover of the 230V model is also screwed on top. Remove the cover. Proceed carefully, so as not to pull off the wire connecting the PCB in the bottom part with the cover (soldered cable connection in case of 230 V AC version, cable with plug in case of 20...30 V DC version).

Lead the cable for the voltage supply and bus connection through the rubber seals on the bottom of the device and connect Voltage L/N and Bus +/- to the terminals provided.

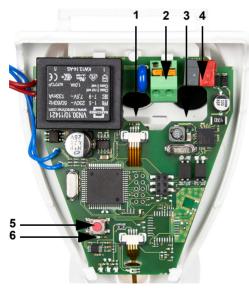


#### Fig. 10

Remove the cable shielding under the circuit board and only feed the connector cables upwards through the openings in the circuit board.

### 2.2.4. PCB layout

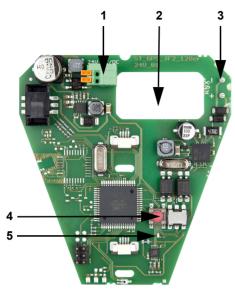
#### 230 V AC version



#### Fig. 11

- 1 Opening for the cable for the voltage supply
- 2 Tension clamp for voltage supply (230 V AC), suitable for massive conductors of up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> or conductors with fine wires
- 3 Opening for bus cable
- 4 Slot for KNX clamp +/-
- 5 Programming pushbutton for the teach-in of the device
- 6 Programming LED

#### 20...30 V DC version



#### Fig. 12

- Tension clamp for voltage supply (20...30 V DC).
   Massive conductors of up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> or conductors with fine wires. Terminal configuration independent from polarity (+/- or -/+).
- 2 Opening for the cable for the voltage supply and for bus cable
- 3 Slot for KNX clamp +/-
- 4 Programming pushbutton for the teach-in of the device
- 5 Programming LED

### 2.2.5. Mounting the weather station

Close the housing by putting the cover back over the bottom part. The cover must snap in on the left and right with a definite "click".



#### Fig. 13

Make sure the cover and bottom part are properly snapped together! This picture is looking at the closed sensor from underneath.



Fig. 14 With the 230V model, screw the cover on to the underpart, to prevent unauthorised or accidental opening.

# 4

## DANGER!

- There is a risk to life from the live voltage on a 230 V device!
- The cover must be screwed on in operation.



Fig. 15 Push the housing from above into the fastened mount. The bumps on the mount must snap into the rails in the housing.

To remove it, the weather station can be simply pulled upwards out of the mount, against the resistance of the fastening.

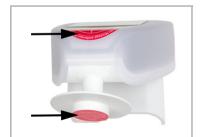


Fig. 16 After installation, remove the protective sticker on the wind sensor and the "distance" sticker on the top of the cover.

# 2.3. Notes on mounting and commissioning

Do not open the device if water (rain) might ingress: even some drops might damage the electronic system.

Observe the correct connections. Incorrect connections may destroy the sensor or connected electronic devices.

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The measured wind value and thus all other wind switching outputs may only be supplied 60 seconds after the supply voltage has been connected.

After the auxiliary voltage has been applied, the device will enter an initialisation phase lasting a few seconds. During this phase no information can be received or sent via the bus.

# 3. Addressing of the device at the bus

The device is supplied with the bus address 15.15.255. You can program another address into the ETS by overwriting the 15.15.255 address or by teaching via the programming key on the circuit board inside the housing.



#### DANGER!

#### Risk to life from live voltage (mains voltage)!

- With the 230V model, bus addressing via the programming key should only be done by an accredited electrician.
- Do not touch any components on the circuit board while pressing the key.

# 4. Maintenance



#### DANGER!

There is a risk to life from the live voltage (mains voltage)! If you come into contact with live components in the device, (e.g. caused also by a jet of water) there is the risk of an electric shock with 230 V devices.

**Risk of injury caused by components moved automatically!** The automatic control can start system components and place people in danger (e.g. moving windows/awnings if a rain/wind alarm has been triggered while cleaning).

• Always isolate the device from the mains for servicing and cleaning (e. g. switch off or remove the fuse).

The device must regularly be checked for dirt twice a year and cleaned if necessary. In case of severe dirt, the sensor may not work properly anymore.



#### ATTENTION

- The device can be damaged if water penetrates the housing.
- Do not clean with high pressure cleaners or steam jets.

# 5. Disposal

After use, the device must be disposed of in accordance with the legal regulations. Do not dispose of it with the household waste!

Brightness and Wind Sensor KNX LW • Status: 11.11.2021 • Technical changes reserved. Errors reserved.

# 6. Transmission protocol

#### Units of measurement:

Wind in Metre per second Brightness in Lux

# 6.1. List of all communication objects

#### Abbreviations EIS types:

- 1 Switching 1/0
- 5 Floating point value
- 6 8 bit value

#### Abbreviations flags:

- C Communication
- R Read
- W Write
- T Transmit

Nr.	Name	Function	EIS type	Flags
0	Wind force measured value	Output	5	CRT
1	Request max. wind force	Input	1	CRW
2	Max. wind force measured value	Output	5	CRT
3	Reset max. wind force	Input	1	CRW
4	Wind sensor malfunction	Output	1	CRT
5	Wind threshold value 1	16 bit value	5	CRWT
6	Wind threshold value 1	1 = Increment  0 = Decrement	1	CRW
7	Wind threshold value 1	Increment	1	CRW
8	Wind threshold value 1	Decrement	1	CRW
9	Wind threshold value 1	Switching output	1	CRT
10	Wind threshold value 1	Switching output block	1	C R W
11	Wind threshold value 2	16 bit value	5	CRWT
12	Wind threshold value 2	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	C R W
13	Wind threshold value 2	Increment	1	CRW
14	Wind threshold value 2	Decrement	1	CRW
15	Wind threshold value 2	Switching output	1	CRT
16	Wind threshold value 2	Switching output Sperre	1	CRW
17	Wind threshold value 3	16 bit value	5	CRWT

Nr.	Name	Function	EIS type	Flags
18	Wind threshold value 3	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
19	Wind threshold value 3	Increment	1	CRW
20	Wind threshold value 3	Decrement	1	CRW
21	Wind threshold value 3	Switching output	1	CRT
22	Wind threshold value 3	Switching output block	1	CRW
23	AND Logic 1	Switching output	1	CRT
24	AND Logic 1	8 bit output A	6	CRT
25	AND Logic1	8 bit output B	6	CRT
26	AND Logic 2	Switching output	1	CRT
27	AND Logic 2	8 bit output A	6	CRT
28	AND Logic 2	8 bit output B	6	CRT
29	AND Logic 3	Switching output	1	CRT
30	AND Logic 3	8 bit output A	6	CRT
31	AND Logic 3	8 bit output B	6	CRT
32	AND Logic 4	Switching output	1	CRT
33	AND Logic 4	8 bit output A	6	CRT
34	AND Logic 4	8 bit output B	6	CRT
35	AND Logic 5	Switching output	1	CRT
36	AND Logic 5	8 bit output A	6	CRT
37	AND Logic 5	8 bit output B	6	CRT
38	AND Logic 6	Switching output	1	CRT
39	AND Logic 6	8 bit output A	6	CRT
40	AND Logic 6	8 bit output B	6	CRT
41	AND Logic7	Switching output	1	CRT
42	UND Logik 7	8 bit output A	6	CRT
43	AND Logic 7	8 bit output B	6	CRT
44	AND Logic8	Switching output	1	CRT
45	AND Logic 8	8 bit output A	6	CRT
46	AND Logic 8	8 bit output B	6	CRT
47	OR Logic 1	Switching output	1	CRT
48	OR Logic 1	8 bit output A	6	CRT
49	OR Logic 1	8 bit output B	6	CRT
50	OR Logic 2	Switching output	1	CRT
51	OR Logic 2	8 bit output A	6	CRT
52	OR Logic 2	8 bit output B	6	CRT
53	OR Logic 3	Switching output	1	CRT
54	OR Logic 3	8 bit output A	6	CRT

Nr.	Name	Function	EIS type	Flags
55	OR Logic 3	8 bit output B	6	CRT
56	OR Logic4	Switching output	1	CRT
57	OR Logic 4	8 bit output A	6	CRT
58	OR Logic4	8 bit output B	6	CRT
59	OR Logic 5	Switching output	1	CRT
60	OR Logic 5	8 bit output A	6	CRT
61	OR Logic 5	8 bit output B	6	CRT
62	OR Logic 6	Switching output	1	CRT
63	OR Logic 6	8 bit output A	6	CRT
64	OR Logic 6	8 bit output B	6	CRT
65	OR Logic 7	Switching output	1	CRT
66	OR Logic 7	8 bit output A	6	CRT
67	OR Logic 7	8 bit output B	6	CRT
68	OR Logic 8	Switching output	1	CRT
69	OR Logic 8	8 bit output A	6	CRT
70	OR Logic 8	8 bit output B	6	CRT
71	Logic input 1	Input	1	CRW
72	Logic input 2	Input	1	CRW
73	Logic input 3	Input	1	C R W
74	Logic input 4	Input	1	C R W
75	Logic input 5	Input	1	C R W
76	Logic input 6	Input	1	C R W
77	Logic input 7	Input	1	C R W
78	Logic input 8	Input	1	CRW
79	Brightness measured value	Output	5	CRT
80	Brightness threshold value 1	16 bit value	5	CRWT
81	Brightness threshold value 1	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
82	Brightness threshold value 1	Increment	1	CRW
83	Brightness threshold value 1	Decrement	1	CRW
84	Brightness threshold value 1	Switching output	1	CRT
85	Brightness threshold value 1	Switching output block	1	CRW
86	Brightness threshold value 2	16 bit value	5	CRWT
87	Brightness threshold value 2	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
88	Brightness threshold value 2	Increment	1	CRW
89	Brightness threshold value 2	Decrement	1	CRW

Nr.	Name	Function	EIS type	Flags
90	Brightness threshold value 2	Switching output	1	CRT
91	Brightness threshold value 2	Switching output block	1	CRW
92	Brightness threshold value 3	16 bit value	5	C R W T
93	Brightness threshold value 3	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
94	Brightness threshold value 3	Increment	1	CRW
95	Brightness threshold value 3	Decrement	1	CRW
96	Brightness threshold value 3	Switching output	1	CRT
97	Brightness threshold value 3	Switching output block	1	CRW
98	Twilight threshold value 1	16 bit value	5	CRWT
99	Twilight threshold value 1	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
100	Twilight threshold value 1	Increment	1	CRW
101	Twilight threshold value 1	Decrement	1	CRW
102	Twilight threshold value 1	Switching output	1	CRT
103	Twilight threshold value 1	Switching output block	1	CRW
104	Twilight threshold value 2	16 bit value	5	CRWT
105	Twilight threshold value 2	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
106	Twilight threshold value 2	Increment	1	CRW
107	Twilight threshold value 2	Decrement	1	C R W
108	Twilight threshold value 2	Switching output	1	CRT
109	Twilight threshold value 2	Switching output block	1	CRW
110	Twilight threshold value3	16 bit value	5	CRWT
111	Twilight threshold value3	1 = Increment   0 = Decrement	1	CRW
112	Twilight threshold value 3	Increment	1	CRW
113	Twilight threshold value 3	Decrement	1	CRW
114	Twilight threshold value 3	Switching output	1	CRT
115	Twilight threshold value 3	Switching output block	1	CRW
116	Software Version	readable	6	CR

# 7. Setting of parameters

# 7.1. General settings

Maximum telegram guota	$1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 10 \cdot 20$ telegrams per second
	1 2 0 0 10 2

#### Wind force

Measured value	<ul> <li>do not send</li> <li><u>send cyclically</u></li> <li>send on change</li> <li>send on change and cyclically</li> </ul>
send cyclically every (only if sending "cyclically")	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h
From change in % (only if sending "on change")	1 50; <u>20</u>
Send and reset of the maximum wind load value on request	not release • release
Use malfunction object	<u>No</u> • Yes

#### Brightness

Measured value	<ul> <li>do not send</li> <li><u>send cyclically</u></li> <li>send on change</li> <li>send on change and cyclically</li> </ul>
send cyclically every (only if sending "cyclically")	<u>5 sec 2 h</u>
From change in % (only if sending "on change")	1 50; <u>20</u>

# 7.2. Threshold values

#### Wind force

Use threshold value 1 / 2 / 3	<u>No</u> •Yes
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec 2 h</u>

#### Brightness

Use threshold value 1 / 2 / 3	<u>No</u> •Yes
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

#### Twilight

Use threshold value 1 / 2 / 3	No • Yes
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h
Transmission delay of the switching out- puts after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

## 7.2.1. Wind threshold value 1 / 2 / 3

#### Threshold value

Threshold value setpoint per	Parameter

#### If the threshold value is set per Parameter:

Threshold value in 0.1 m/s	0 350; <u>40</u>
Hysteresis of the threshold value in %	0 250; <u>20</u>

#### If the threshold value is set per Communication object:

From the 1st communication onwards, the threshold value corresponds to the value of the communication object and is not multiplied by the factor 0.1.

The value communicated last shall be maintained	<ul> <li><u>not</u></li> <li>after restoration of voltage (the changes threshold value may be saved at least 100,000 times)</li> <li>after restoration of voltage and programming (Attention: Do not use for first commissioning)</li> </ul>
Start threshold value in 0.1 m/s valid until 1. communication (only if the value communicated last is "not" maintained or "after restoration of voltage")	0 350; <u>40</u>
Type of threshold change	Absolute value with a 16 bit <u>communication object</u> Increment / decrement with one communication object     Increment / decrement with two communication objects
Step size (only if sending "Increment/decrement")	0,1 m/s 5 m/s; <u>1 m/s</u>
Hysteresis of the threshold value in %	0 250; <u>20</u>

#### Switching output

Output is at (TV = Threshold Value)	• TV above = 1   TV - Hyst. below = 0 • TV above = 0   TV - Hyst. below= 1 • TV below = 1   TV + Hyst. above = 0 • TV below = 0   TV + Hyst. above = 1
Switching delay from 0 to 1	<u>none</u> • 1 sec 2 h
Switching delay from 1 to 0	<u>none</u> • 1 sec 2 h
Switching output sends	<ul> <li><u>not</u></li> <li>on change</li> <li>on change to 1</li> <li>on change to 0</li> <li>on change and periodically</li> <li>on change to 1 and periodically</li> <li>on change to 0 and periodically</li> </ul>
send periodically all (only if sending "periodically")	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

#### Blocking

"Blocking" only appears if using "Switching output sends on change"

Use block of the switching output	Yes • <u>No</u>
Ose block of the switching output	

If block of the switching output is used:

Use block of the switching output	Yes
Evaluation of the blocking object	• if value 1: block   if value 0: release • if value 0: block   if value 1: release
Value of the blocking object before 1. communication	<u>0</u> • 1
Behaviour of the switching output with blocking	• <u>do not send telegram</u> • send 0 • send 1
Behaviour of the switching output with release (selection depends on settings made before)	<ul> <li>do not send telegram</li> <li>send status of the switching output</li> <li>if switching output = 1 =&gt; send 1</li> <li>if switching output = 0 =&gt; send 0</li> </ul>

### 7.2.2. Brightness threshold value 1 / 2 / 3

#### Threshold value

Threshold value setpoint per	Parameter • Communication object

#### If the threshold value is set per Parameter:

Threshold value setpoint per	Parameter
Threshold value in klux	0 99; <u>60</u>
Hysteresis of the threshold value in %	0 50; <u>20</u>

Threshold value setpoint per	Communication object
The value communicated last shall be maintained	<ul> <li><u>not</u></li> <li>after restoration of voltage (der geänderte Grenzwert kann mindestens 100.000 Mal gesichert werden)</li> <li>after restoration of voltage and programming (Attention: Do not use for first commissioning)</li> </ul>
Start threshold value in kLux valid until 1. communication (only if the value communicated last is "not" maintained or "after restoration of voltage")	0 99; <u>60</u>
Type of threshold change	Absolute value with a 16 bit communication object     Increment / decrement with one communication object     Increment / decrement with two communication objects
Step size (only if sending "Increment/decrement")	1 klux • <u>2 klux</u> • 3 klux • 4 klux • 5 klux • 10 klux
Hysteresis of the threshold value in $\%$	0 50; <u>20</u>

#### If the threshold value is set per Communication object:

#### Switching output

Ausgang ist bei (TV = Threshold Value)	• TV above = 1   TV - Hyst. below = 0 • TV above = 0   GW - Hyst. below = 1 • TV below = 1   GW + Hyst. above = 0 • TV below = 0   GW + Hyst. above = 1
Switching delay from 0 to 1	<u>none</u> • 1 sec 2 h
Switching delay from 1 to 0	<u>none</u> • 1 sec 2 h
Switching output sends	<ul> <li><u>not</u></li> <li>on change</li> <li>on change to 1</li> <li>on change to 0</li> <li>on change and periodically</li> <li>on change to 1 and periodically</li> <li>on change to 0 and periodically</li> </ul>
send cyclically every (only if sending "cyclically")	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

#### Blocking

"Blocking" only appears if using "Switching output sends on change"

Use block of the switching output	Yes • No
-----------------------------------	----------

#### If block of the switching output is used:

Use block of the switching output	Yes
Evaluation of the blocking object	<ul> <li>if value 1: block   if value 0: release</li> <li>if value 0: block   if value 1: release</li> </ul>
Value of the blocking object before 1. communication	<u>0</u> •1
Behaviour of the switching output with blocking	<ul> <li><u>do not send telegram</u></li> <li>send 0</li> <li>send 1</li> </ul>
Behaviour of the switching output with release (Selection according to pre- vious settings)	<ul> <li>do not send telegram</li> <li>send status of the switching output</li> <li>if switching output = 1 =&gt; send 1</li> <li>if switching output = 0 =&gt; send 0</li> </ul>

### 7.2.3. Twilight threshold value 1 / 2 / 3

#### Threshold value

Threshold value setpoint per	Parameter • Communication object
If the thread and a later is and man Deman	

#### If the threshold value is set per Parameter:

Threshold value setpoint per	Parameter
threshold value in lux	0 1000; <u>200</u>
Hysteresis of the threshold value in %	0 50; <u>20</u>

#### If the threshold value is set per Communication object:

Threshold value setpoint per	Communication object
The value communicated last shall be maintained	<ul> <li><u>not</u></li> <li>after restoration of voltage (der geänderte Grenzwert kann mindestens 100.000 Mal gesichert werden)</li> <li>after restoration of voltage and programming (Attention: Do not use for first commissioning)</li> </ul>
Start threshold value in lux valid until 1. communication (only if the value communicated last is "not" maintained or "after restoration of voltage")	0 1000; <u>200</u>
Type of threshold change	Absolute value with a 16 bit <u>communication object</u> Increment / decrement with one communication object     Increment / decrement with two communication objects

Step size	1 lux • 2 lux • 3 lux • 4 lux • <u>5 lux</u> • 10 lux •
(only if sending "Increment/decrement")	20 lux • 30 lux • 40 lux • 50 lux • 100 lux
Hysteresis of threshold value in %	0 50; <u>20</u>

#### Switching output

See "Brightness threshold value 1 / 2 / 3"

#### Blocking

"Blocking" only appears if using "Switching output sends on change"

See "Brightness threshold value 1 / 2 / 3"

### 7.2.4. Logic

Communication objects logic inputs	do not release • release
Communication objects logic inputs	do not release

#### AND Logic

Logic 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8	not active • active
Transmission delay of the switching outputs after power up and programming	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

#### **OR Logic**

Logic 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8	not active • active
Transmission delay of the switching	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h
outputs after power up and programming	

### 7.2.5. AND Logic 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8

1. / 2. / 3. / 4. Input	<ul> <li>do not use</li> <li>all switching events which the sensor provides (see "Linkage inputs of the AND logic")</li> </ul>
Logic output sends	not     one 1 bit object     two 8 bit objects

#### Logic output sends "one 1 bit Object":

Logic output sends	one 1 bit object
if logic = 1 →object value	<u>1</u> •0
if logic = 0 →object value	1 • <u>0</u>

Communication object AND Logic 1 sends	<ul> <li>in case of the change of logic</li> <li>in case of the change of logic to 1</li> <li>in case of the change of logic to 0</li> <li>in case of the change of logic and cyclically</li> <li>in case of the change of logic to 1 and cyclically</li> <li>in case of the change of logic to 0 and cyclically</li> </ul>
send cyclically every (only if sending "cyclically")	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

#### Logic output sends "two 8 bit objects":

Logic output sends	two 8 bit objects
if logic = 1 →object A value	0 255; <u>127</u>
if logic = 0 →object A value	<u>0</u> 255
if logic = 1 →object B value	0 255; <u>127</u>
if logic = 0 →object B value	<u>0</u> 255
Communication objects AND Logic 1 A and B sends	<ul> <li>in case of the change of logic</li> <li>in case of the change of logic to 1</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>in case of the change of logic to 0</li> <li>in case of the change of logic and cyclically</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>in case of the change of logic to 1 and cyclically</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>in case of the change of logic to 0 and cyclically</li> </ul>
send cyclically every (only if sending "cyclically")	<u>5 sec</u> 2 h

### 7.2.6. Linkage inputs of AND logic

do not use Twilight threshold value 1 Twilight threshold value 1 inverted Twilight threshold value 2 Twilight threshold value 2 Twilight threshold value 2 Twilight threshold value 3 Twilight threshold value 3 Trightness threshold value 1 Brightness threshold value 1 Brightness threshold value 2 Brightness threshold value 2 Brightness threshold value 3 Brightness threshold value 3 Brightness threshold value 3 Brightness threshold value 3 Inverted Communication object logic input 1 Communication object logic input 2 Communication object logic input 2 inverted Communication object logic input 3 Communication object logic input 3 inverted Communication object logic input 4 Communication object logic input 4 inverted Communication object logic input 5 Communication object logic input 5 inverted Communication object logic input 6 Communication object logic input 6 inverted Communication object logic input 7 Communication object logic input 7 inverted Communication object logic input 8 Communication object logic input 8 inverted Disruption wind Disruption wind inverted Wind threshold value 1 Wind threshold value 1 inverted Wind threshold value 2 Wind threshold value 2 inverted Wind threshold value 3 Wind threshold value 3 inverted

### 7.2.7. OR Logic 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8

1. / 2. / 3. / 4. Input	<ul> <li><u>do not use</u></li> <li>all switching events which the sensor provides (see "Linkage inputs of the OR logic")</li> </ul>
Logic output sends	• <u>one 1 bit object</u> • two 8 bit objects

All settings of the OR logic correspond to those of the AND logic.

### 7.2.8. Linkage inputs of OR logic

The linkage inputs of the OR logic correspond with the parameters of the AND logic. The OR logic is additionally provided with the following inputs:

AND Logic output 1 AND Logic output 1 inverted AND Logic output 2 AND Logic output 2 inverted AND Logic output 3 AND Logic output 3 inverted AND Logic output 4 AND Logic output 4 AND Logic output 5 AND Logic output 5 inverted AND Logic output 6 AND Logic output 6 inverted AND Logic output 7 AND Logic output 7 inverted AND Logic output 8 AND Logic output 8 inverted



Elsner Elektronik GmbH Control and Automation Engineering Sohlengrund 16

Sohlengrund 16 75395 Ostelsheim Germany

Phone +49 (0) 70 33 / 30 945-0 info@elsner-elektronik.de Fax +49 (0) 70 33 / 30 945-20 www.elsner-elektronik.de